NON-CONTACT TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT METAL INDUSTRY

Production
Maintenance
Process Optimization
Quality Assurance

when temperature matters

↑ 2409.8 °F
Environmental influences

From the image below it is apparent that the transmission of the air is very strongly dependent on wavelength. Areas with high attenuation alternate with areas of high permeability, the so-called atmospheric windows. In the long-wave atmospheric window (8–14 µm), the permeability is consistently high, while in the short-wave range measurable attenuation occurs via the atmosphere which can lead to distorted measurement results. Typical measurement windows there are 1.1–1.7 µm, 2–2.5 µm and 3–5 µm.

Other influencing variables are possible thermal radiation sources in the vicinity of the measurement object. To avoid distorted measurements due to increased ambient temperatures (e.g. when measuring the temperature of bearing rings in a hardening furnace where the walls are hotter than the measurement object) the infrared measuring device features adjustable compensation for ambient temperature influences. The most accurate measuring results can be achieved using a second temperature measurement head for automatic ambient temperature compensation and correctly adjusted emissivity.

Dust, smoke and suspended matter in the atmosphere can soil the lens which can result in incorrect measurement results. The use of an air purge collar (a screw-on nozzle with compressed air connection) prevents suspended matter from getting deposited in front of the lens. Air and water-cooling accessories enable the use of infrared thermometers even in harsh environmental conditions.

Emissivity and temperature measurement of metals

Emissivity is a major factor in the accurate measurement of temperatures. It must be adjusted according to the application.

Emissivity theoretically depends on the material, its surface quality, the temperature, the wavelength, the measuring angle and, in some cases, even the applied measuring configuration. Many non-metallic surfaces to be measured have a constant emissivity with regard to wavelength but emit less radiation than black bodies. They are called gray bodies.

Objects whose emissivity depends, amongst other things, on temperature and wavelength, e.g. metallic surfaces, are called selective radiators.

There are several important reasons why the measurement of metals should, if possible, always be done in the short-wave range. Firstly, at high temperatures and short measuring wavelengths (2.3 µm; 1.6 µm; 1.0 µm), metal surfaces do not just have the highest radiation intensity, they also have the highest emissivity.

Secondly, in this range they equal the emissivity of metal oxides so that temperature deviations caused by changing emissivities are minimized.
**Avoiding breaches**

Steel needs to be transported in various vessels including torpedo wagons, slag ladle cars and smelting ladles. Even if the wagons and ladles are equipped with fireproof materials, breaches may result due to the 1500 °C (2732 °F) hot steel. This presents a danger to both the stock and personnel which could result in millions of euro in damages. To prevent any such breaches the vessels are monitored with thermal imaging cameras and protected via recognition of temperature differences.

**Process temperature:**
300 °C to 600 °C (572 °F to 1112 °F)

**Recommended measurement devices:**
- optris PI 400i
- optris PI 640

**Monitoring of the refractory lining of a slag ladle car while pulling out of the factory**

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**Preventing aborted pours**

Thanks to improved efficiency the demands on continuous casting lines are also increasing. This necessitates extensive process monitoring measures, especially where temperature measurement is concerned: the technology has become cheaper with increased levels of precision. For the operators the investment is worthwhile, as costly aborted pours can be avoided at the point of origin.

**Process temperature:**
800 °C to 1000 °C (1472 °F to 1832 °F)

**Recommended measurement devices:**
- optris PI 1M
- optris CTlaser 1M / 2M
- optris CTratio 1M / 2M

**Run-off area of a continuous casting plant**

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**Process optimization on the rolling train**

In the manufacturing of semi-finished products the slabs are cooled from around 1250 °C (2282°F) in racks. For quality assurance and process optimization the forming temperature is measured between the individual rollers.

**Process temperature:**
700 °C to 1100 °C (1292°F to 2012°F)

**Recommended measurement devices:**
- optris PI 1M
- optris CTlaser 1M / 2M
- optris CTvideo
- optris CSvideo

**Hot working of sheet metals and manufacturing of wire**
Applications of temperature measurement technology
PRODUCTION PROCESSES IN THE METAL INDUSTRY

Task:
In die forging the semi-finished products need to reach a particular forging temperature before forming. To get the best possible production results the surface temperature of the material is monitored accordingly. The same goes for the forging after forming or before storing.

Process temperature:
700 °C to 1250 °C (1292 °F to 2282 °F)

Recommended measurement devices:
- optris PI 1M
- optris CTlaser 1M
- optris P20 1M

Ensuring the monitoring of materials

Task:
The manufacturing of metal products is almost exclusively automated because of the high process temperatures. Here, the precise assessment of the workpieces out of the mold is very important for the monitoring of the materials or reject control.

Process temperature:
150 °C to 900 °C (302°F to 1652°F)

Recommended measurement devices:
- optris PI 1M
- optris CT 3M and CTlaser 3M

Temperature monitoring in the casting process

Task:
In the casting manufacturing process, liquid materials are poured into a mold, and this becomes a solid body after it sets. At the moment of casting the temperature of the material is measured in order to influence the cooling phase which is decisive for quality.

Process temperature:
1250 °C to 1600 °C (2282°F to 2912°F)

Recommended measurement devices:
- optris PI 05M
- optris CTlaser 05M
- optris P20 05M

Deep drawing

Task:
For stable process control when deep drawing, the die and sheet metal temperatures need to be measured permanently.

Process temperature:
200 °C to 350 °C (392 °F to 662 °F)

Recommended measurement device:
- optris CTlaser 3M

Quick assessment of a steel slab for monitoring of materials

Measurement of casting stream during casting into a mold

Die forging

Deep drawing

Bath tubs as deep-draw products
### Slag detection

**Task:**
In the manufacturing of metals, slag — a non-metallic smelting residue — is a by-product of various processes. To increase the quality of the end product the amount of slag needs to be kept as low as possible.

The optris PIX Connect software provides the option of measuring the percentage of slag in the material with the infrared cameras so that residues can be skimmed off where necessary. Here, a camera with 7.9 µm spectral sensitivity is used.

**Process temperature:**
1250 °C to 1500 °C (2282°F to 2732°F)

**Recommended measurement device:**
- optris PI 450i G7 / PI 640 G7

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### Efficient induction hardening

**Task:**
In (partial) induction hardening an area is brought to a required hardness temperature and subsequently quenched. For this process it is extremely important to adhere to an optimum time/temperature profile in order to achieve the desired structural composition of the metal.

**Process temperature:**
700 °C to 1100 °C (1292°F to 2012°F)

**Recommended measurement devices:**
- optris PI 1M
- optris CTlaser 1M / 2M
- optris P20 1M / 2M

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### Quality assurance in induction welding

**Task:**
In the manufacturing of induction welded joints, for example, the quality needs to be assured. For this purpose the temperature of the rims is recorded after the inductor and before the squeeze rollers, with the process controlled in this manner.

**Process temperature:**
950 °C to 1450 °C (1742°F to 2642°F)

**Recommended measurement devices:**
- optris PI 05M
- optris CTratio 1M / 2M

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### Optimization of the galvanization process

**Task:**
Products are often coated with metals, for example with copper and nickel, to increase their strength. The objects to be coated are brought to the desired temperature in front of the galvanizing bath to optimize the electrochemical reaction.

**Process temperature:**
150 °C (302°F)

**Recommended measurement devices:**
- optris PI 640
- optris CTlaser 3M

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**Inductively heated pipe**

**Temperature monitoring of pipe rims shortly before welding**

**Chrome-plated gear part**
Metal industry
INFRARED CAMERAS AND INFRARED THERMOMETERS

The short wavelength infrared cameras of the optris PI series are fixed thermography systems that offer outstanding value for money and are used in the metal industry for extremely reflective surfaces.

The thermal imaging cameras are connected to a computer via USB 2.0 or integrated into a PLC and are ready to use immediately after connecting.

optris Compact speciality cameras for the metal industry

The optris PI 05M, 08M and 1M are cameras made specifically for the metal industry and suitable for temperature measurements on metals due to their short measuring wavelengths of 500 nm, 800 nm and 1 µm, since metal surfaces have the highest radiation intensity and emissivity at higher temperatures and short measuring wavelengths (see page 2).

With their high maximum image frequency of 1 kHz these cameras can be used for very fast processes.

The optris PI 05M and 08M are ideally suited for all laser machining processes due to the excellent blocking of radiation above 540 nm (05M) and 800 nm (08M).

The special spectral ranges ensure more accurate measurements with changing emissivities and are less sensitive to atmospheric influences.

In addition the optris PI 450i G7 / 640 G7 are used in the field of slag detection. In this spectral range (7.9 µm) the differences in emissivity between the molten metal and the surface of the slag are relatively big. It is this feature that is used for the detection of slag. Special analysis tools in the PIX Connect software allow the percentage of slag to be displayed.

optris PIX Connect - license-free software

The PIX Connect software provides outstanding customization options for its respective applications. With SDKs for Windows and Linux the cameras can be easily integrated into applications and control systems. In confined spaces the 1 kHz line scan camera function can be employed.

The optris PI 05M, 08M and 1M infrared cameras offer an optical resolution of 764 x 480 pixels.

optris IRmobile app – Smart IR measuring

The IRmobile for android is the app for all IR thermometers and IR cameras of optris.

You can use your infrared temperature measurement monitor and analyze directly on a connected smartphone or tablet. With the integrated simulator it is possible to do this without connected devices to try out many functions.

The app supports android devices from version 5.0 with Micro-USB or USB-C connectors that support USB OTG.
The innovative two-color-detector technology makes the optris CTratio 1M and 2M best fit for measuring small, moving or even partially obscured metal objects in wide temperature ranges between 250 °C and 3000 °C. The short response time of 1 ms allows also the monitoring of very fast processes.

**optris CTratio 1M / 2M**

The ratio pyrometer is largely insensitive to dust, steam and dirty viewing windows. Due to this special feature of providing reliable measurement data even through the most worst contamination and of recording data even at the lowest visibility of the measured object, it is preferably used for temperature monitoring in metal working processes that are difficult to access. The robust, electrically insulated measuring head enables precise measurement results for ambient temperatures up to 315 °C without cooling.

The optris CSvideo 2M and CTvideo 1M / 2M / 3M video pyrometers feature a built-in trigger function which allow automatic time-dependent or temperature-dependent snapshots to be generated. This provides automated visual documentation for quality assurance.

**optris CSvideo 2M and CTvideo 1M / 2M / 3M**

The similarly integrated variable lens offers stepless focusing from a measuring distance of 90 mm and above. This allows tiny objects from 0.5 mm to be precisely measured. The parallel use of the video module and the patented cross-hair laser sight enable the simple and precise selection of the measuring field, even if the measuring object is located in a hard-to-reach area.

The optris CSlaser 2M infrared thermometer was specifically developed for exact temperature measurements of metal surfaces. Its short measuring wavelength enables the precise measurement of metal temperatures and metal oxides.

**optris CSlaser 2M**

The robust, one-piece IR thermometer can be easily integrated into a facility. The standardized two-wire interface guarantees the reliable transfer of the data as well as simple integration into a PLC. The IR thermometer features an innovative double laser sight for the exact selection of the measurement spot. With a variety of lenses it can be customized to a variety of applications.

The optris CTratio 05M / 1M / 2M / 3M infrared thermometers were specifically developed for the temperature measurement of metal surfaces and molten metals. They feature short-wave spectral ranges of 525 nm (05M), 1 µm (1M), 1.6 µm (2M) and 2.3 µm (3M), which also minimize measurement errors in the case of changes in emissivity. The temperature ranges of the thermometers are between 50 °C and 2200 °C.

**optris CTratio 05M / 1M / 2M / 3M**

With their extremely short response time of 1 ms, these highly efficient infrared thermometers enable the monitoring of quick processes, measuring precisely and reliably even for the smallest measuring fields of up to 0.7 mm. Thanks to its innovative double laser sight, the robust, high quality stainless steel measuring head of the CTlaser also enables the exact selection of the measuring field from any distance. In addition, selectable analog outputs and various digital interfaces provide a high level of variability in the evaluation of the measured data. For use in high ambient temperatures the measuring head can be optionally fitted with a water cooling system or with a protective housing (CoolingJacket Advanced).
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Our capable local distributors can help you to choose the most suitable devices for your individual applications.

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